

New Religious, Philosophical, and Political Currents

U.S. History to 1877

The Church of England in America

- Hierarchy and order
- Control of vestry by the elite
- By 1750 strong and well-established across the South

The Great Awakening, 1735-1745

- From Puritan to Yankee
 - "Outlivers," greed, contention, guilt
 - "Fire & brimstone" & "harvests"
- "New Lights" & "Old Lights"
 - Jonathan Edwards
 - George Whitefield
- Baptist growth
 - Evangelical Calvinists
 - Evangelize the South
 - Violent opposition in Virginia

The Enlightenment in America

- From Age of Faith to Age of Reason
 - Reason & nature
 - Science & progress
- Enlightenment in Religion
 - Deism
 - Unitarianism
- Benjamin Franklin
 - International hero of the Enlightenment

Political Ideas

- Ideal: monarchy, aristocracy, democracy
- English “constitution”
 - Crown, Lords, Commons
 - Ministers & Commons
 - “Rotten boroughs” & “placemen”
- Colonial “constitutions”
 - Governor, council, assembly
 - Factions & paper power
 - Independent assemblymen

Political Ideas

- Liberty vs. power
 - Corruption
 - Isolated ruler
 - “Wicked and worthless” wars
 - Taxation without representation
 - No juries
 - Catholicism
 - **STANDING ARMIES**

Wars and Empire

- America in Europe’s wars
 - 3 major French-English wars before 1750
- French & Indian War, 1754-63
 - A different war

- Washington at Ft. Duquesne
- Albany Plan of Union, 1754
- Gen. Braddock at Ft. Duquesne
- Pitt turns the tide, 1758-62

Peace

- End of New France, 1763
- Pontiac's Rebellion, 1763
- English-American relationship transforms
 - Proclamation Line of 1763