

The Civil War: The Union Gains the Upper Hand

U.S. History to 1877

Turning point: July 1863

- Joseph Hooker vs. Lee at Chancellorsville
- George Meade vs. Lee at Gettysburg
- Grant takes Vicksburg

Gettysburg Address, Nov. 19, 1863

FOURSCORE and seven years ago our fathers brought forth on this continent a new nation, conceived in liberty, and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal.

Now we are engaged in a great civil war, testing whether that nation, or any nation so conceived and so dedicated, can long endure. We are met on a great battlefield of that war. We have come to dedicate a portion of that field as a final resting-place for those who here gave their lives that the nation might live. It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do this. But, in a larger sense, we cannot dedicate, we cannot consecrate, we cannot hallow, this ground. The brave men, living and dead, who struggled here have consecrated it, far above our poor power to add or detract. The world will little note, nor long remember, what we say here, but it can never forget what they did here. It is for us the living, rather, to be dedicated here to the unfinished work which they who fought here have thus far so nobly advanced. It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us—that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to that cause for which they gave the last full measure of devotion—that we here highly resolve that these dead shall not have died in vain—that this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom and that government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth.

Grant & Sherman attack, 1864

- Election: Lincoln vs. McClellan
 - Lincoln's VP: Democrat Andrew Johnson
- Grant's strategy: Keep attacking
 - Very high casualties, but South can't hold out
- Atlanta and Mobile fall
 - Sherman's march to the sea
- Lincoln's reelection assured